

2.3/1b

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow \infty} -2h = -\infty$$

$$1a \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -3 = -3$$

2.2/14

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^3 + t^2 - 5t + 3}{t^3 - 3t + 2} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{(t-1)(t^2 + 2t - 3)}{(t-1)(t^2 + t - 2)}$$

1) substitution
 $1^3 + 1^2 - 5(1) + 3 = 0$
 $1^3 - 3(1) + 2 = 0$
 Indeterminate
 strat: cancel zeros

If $P(a)$ [a polynomial] = 0
 then $P(x) = (x-a)Q(x)$

$$\begin{array}{r} t^2 + 2t - 3 \\ (t-1) \overline{) t^3 + t^2 - 5t + 3} \\ \underline{-(t^3 - t^2)} \\ 2t^2 - 5t + 3 \\ \underline{-(2t^2 - 2t)} \\ -3t + 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} t^2 + t - 2 \\ (t-1) \overline{) t^3 - 3t + 2} \\ \underline{-(t^3 - t^2)} \\ t^2 - 3t + 2 \\ \underline{-(t^2 - t)} \\ -2t + 2 \\ \underline{-(-2t + 2)} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^2 + 2t - 3}{t^2 + t - 2}$$

Subs $\frac{0}{0}$ indeterminate

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{(t+3)(t-1)}{(t+2)(t-1)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t+3}{t+2} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$2.3/4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 7 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x) = -6$$

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (2f(x) - g(x)) = 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) - \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x) = 2(7) - (-6) = 20$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [6f(x) + 7g(x)] = 6 \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) + 7 \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x) = 6 \cdot 7 + 7(-6) = 0$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} [x^2 + g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^2 + \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x) = +\infty$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^2 g(x) = -\infty$$

$$e) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt[3]{f(x)g(x)} = \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)} = \sqrt[3]{7 \cdot (-6)} = \sqrt[3]{-42}$$

$$f) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{g(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)} = \frac{-6}{7}$$

non zero
"-∞"

$$g) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left[f(x) + \frac{g(x)}{x} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{g(x)}{x} = 7 + 0 = 7$$

$$h) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x f(x)}{(2x+3)g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} \text{ indeterminate}$$

strat: cancel infinities

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x} (x f(x))}{\frac{1}{x} (2x+3)g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f(x)}{(2+\frac{3}{x})g(x)}$$

$$= \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (2+\frac{3}{x}) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)} = \frac{7}{(2+0)(-6)} = -\frac{7}{12}$$

h...

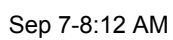
$$\frac{x f(x)}{(2x+3)g(x)} - \frac{x(1) f(x)}{x(2+\frac{3}{x})g(x)}$$

$$\frac{e^{7x} + 2e^{8x}}{e^{7x}}$$

$$e^{7x} \left(\frac{e^{7x}}{e^{7x}} + \frac{2e^{8x}}{e^{7x}} \right)$$

$$e^{7x} (1 + 2e^{8x-7x})$$

$$e^{7x} (1 + 2e^x)$$



2.2/28

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{|x-3|} = +\infty$$

$$|x-3| = \begin{cases} +(x-3) & \text{if } (x-3) \geq 0 \\ -(x-3) & \text{if } (x-3) < 0 \end{cases}$$

$x \geq 3$

$x < 3$

$$\begin{aligned} &\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{-(x-3)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{-x+3} = \end{aligned}$$

2.3/17

End
Behavior
of a
Polynomial
matches
the end
behavior
of highest
degree term

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2+3x-5x^2}{1+8x^2}} = \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2+3x-5x^2}{1+8x^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x(\frac{2}{x} + 3 - 5x)}{x(\frac{1}{x} + 8x)}} = \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x} + 3 - 5x}{\frac{1}{x} + 8x}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x(\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x} - 5)}{x(\frac{1}{x^2} + 8)}} = \sqrt[3]{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x} - 5}{\frac{1}{x^2} + 8}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{0+0-5}{0+8}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\frac{-5}{8}}$$

$$= -\sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{8}}$$